

Project: FWZ

Hole: EZ18-002

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Prospect: | End Zone | Survey Type: | DGPS | Logged By: | S.Bartlett | Hole Type: | DDH |
| UTM Grid: | NAD83_09 | Survey By: | C.Allessandrini | Date Started: | 2018-08-18 | Hole Diameter: | |
| UTM East: | 433229.241 | Date Surveyed: | 2018-09-08 | Date Completed: | 2018-08-21 | Core Size: | HQ3 |
| UTM North: | 7004856.865 | Survey Accuracy: | | Drill Company: | New Age | Casing Pulled?: | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| UTM Elevation (m): | 1395.462 | Grid Convergence: | -1.19 | Drill Rig: | | Casing Depth (m): | 6.6 |
| Local Grid: | | Azimuth: | | Drill Started: | | Reduced (m): | |
| Local East: | | Dip: | -57 | Drill Completed: | | Reduced Size: | |
| Local North: | | Length (m): | 90.2 | Approved By: | | Oriented?: | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Local Elevation (m): | | Comments: | | | | Geotech?: | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Hole Status: | Completed | | | | | | |
| Hole Purpose: | | | | | | | |

| Depth (m) | Survey Method | Survey By | Date Surveyed | Dip | Measured Azimuth | Correction Factor | Corrected Azimuth | Mag. Field | Accept Values? | Comments |
|-----------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|--------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| 0 | GYRO | C.Allessandrini | 2018-08-21 | -57.71 | 213 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 9 | GYRO | pm | 2018-08-21 | -57.89 | 212.04 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 18 | GYRO | pm | 2018-08-21 | -58.6 | 212.18 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 27 | GYRO | pm | 2018-08-21 | -58.84 | 212.09 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 36 | GYRO | pm | 2018-08-21 | -58.92 | 212.03 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 45 | GYRO | pm | 2018-08-21 | -59.3 | 211.93 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 54 | GYRO | pm | 2018-08-21 | -59.09 | 213.4 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 63 | GYRO | pm | 2018-08-21 | -58.99 | 210.37 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 72 | GYRO | pm | 2018-08-21 | -58.53 | 210.44 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 81 | GYRO | pm | 2018-08-21 | -57.81 | 211.21 | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |

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| From (m) | To (m) | Rock Type & Description | From (m) | To (m) | Length | Sample # | Au Best ppm | Ag Best ppm | Cu Best ppm | Pb Best ppm | Zn Best ppm |
|----------|--------|-------------------------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|----------|--------|-------------------------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|

0.00 6.60 CASE Casing

6.60 32.64 MDST Mudstone

Heavily faulted and rubbly core is present throughout this entire interval, heavily obscuring the lithology and suggesting metre scale faults. In preserved 10 cm wide sections the rock is calcareous, light grey and well-laminated. Laminations are 1 mm to 3 mm in width and defined by white calcareous silt. The unit scratches a dark black and in some well preserved sections has a glossy sheen. Brassy yellow pyrite is present at 1-2% throughout generally occurring as cubic, subhedral to euhedral, 1 mm to 5 mm wide crystals that overprint laminations. Beginning at ~26.0 m and continuing through the lower contact, multiple crosscutting generations of 1 mm to 1 cm wide qtz veins form a stockwork of veins and are ~ 5-10% of preserved sections of core.

<<Struc: 9.1 - 9.1: bedding>>

<<Struc: 27.93 - 27.93: bedding>>

32.64 50.00 MDST Mudstone

Well laminated 1 mm to 5 mm wide, sandy silt interlaminated with silty, black mudstone. The upper contact of the unit is obscured by a throughgoing fault. Bedding through the unit gradually steepens from 25 to 45 degrees towards a minor fault at 46.3 m excepting a zone from 37.85 m to 40.47 m where a well develop foliation is present at alpha 35 to beta 25 that crenulates generally low lying beds orientated at 10-15 degrees TCA. The rythmically, well-laminated texture of the unit (pinstripe) changes sharply at 46.3 m. From 46.3 m to the lower contact with massive sulfide the unit is chaotic with displaced, rotated, and variably deformed sandy silt laminations. This interval also contains variably orientated, weakly developed natural fractures throughout suggesting its texture is the result of faulting/tectonics. From 47.56 m to 48.07 m is a sub-interval of strongly silica altered lithic arenite (though clasts are visible their margins are fuzzy and the overall texture of the arenite is obscured.) This sub-interval has 1 mm to 3 mm wide, sub-rounded to sub-angular black mudstone clasts in a dark grey siliceous matrix with some visible relict 1 mm to 2 mm wide grey to wide chert clasts. The interval is dusted by a sub-mm scale tan/white shreddy material (20%) throughout (possible sercite - it doesnt fizz and is soft) and 1-2% brassy yellow euhedral 1-2 mm pyrite overprints it throughout. It is veined by 3 mm wide qtz veins throughout and its upper and bottom contacts are cut by 3 cm wide qtz-pyrite veins (INTERP: source of siliceous fluids). Beneath this silica altered arenite, the unit is weakly mineralized with quartz-vein hosted and laminated sphalerite, pyrite, and galena (see mineralizatlon tab - sulphide percentage 7.5% of this sub-interval).

<<Min: 48.07 - 50.18: >> Spahlerite within this interval is dark red, purple, and bright yellow orange. It is present in three forms: qtz-vein hosted in 1mm to 3mm wide, wispy, discontinuous veinlets; <1mm, very fine grained red dusting within silty laminae/patches; thinly laminated beds from 49.86m to 50.2m (INTERP: primary laminated sphalerite?). Two >2 cm veinlet patches have irregular, patchy sphalerite that is internally zoned from a yellow-orange core to dark red margins. Very minor, silver grey galena is present (in qtz veinlets). Pyrite is present as brassy yellow, mm scale subhedral to euhedral qtz-vein hosted, and as a dull brown (INTERP: separate generation) that forms in discontinuous, deformed, 1mm to 2mm wide laminations (INTERP: primary pyrite).

<<Struc: 37.87 - 37.87: bedding>>

<<Struc: 38.5 - 38.5: not recorded>> Foliation forming a crenulation cleavage in the silty mudstosne.

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|---|--------|-------------------------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| <<Struc: 38.94 - 38.94: not recorded>> Foliation forming a crenulation cleavage in the silty mudstosne. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 39.24 - 39.24: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 41.22 - 41.22: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 46.21 - 46.21: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 48.15 - 48.15: bedding>> Bedding measurement within heavily disrupted/faulted zone. May not be reliable. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 49 - 49: bedding>> Bedding measurement within heavily disrupted zone. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 49.4 - 49.4: bedding>> Bedding in disrupted zone. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 43.00 | 44.50 | 1.50 | 3207258 | 0.011 | 0.8 | 72 | 50 | 50 |
| | | | 44.50 | 46.06 | 1.56 | 3207259 | 0.013 | 0.7 | 74 | 50 | 50 |
| | | | 46.06 | 46.98 | 0.92 | 3207260 | 0.008 | 0.9 | 60.7 | 50 | 50 |
| | | | 46.98 | 48.07 | 1.09 | 3207261 | 0.008 | 2.8 | 146.2 | 500 | 50 |
| | | | 48.07 | 49.07 | 1.00 | 3207263 | 0.015 | 5.1 | 88.6 | 1800 | 5800 |
| | | | 49.07 | 50.01 | 0.94 | 3207264 | 0.015 | 7.4 | 61.6 | 5400 | 32900 |
| | | | 50.01 | 51.01 | 1.00 | 3207265 | 0.003 | 44.8 | 198.5 | 49400 | 48400 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 51.01 | 52.23 | 1.22 | 3207266 | 0.01 | 89.8 | 302.2 | 95600 | 67600 |

50.00 51.04 SMSX Semi-massive sulphide

A zone of mineralized semi-massive sulphide. The interval comprises: 11% white, milk hydrothermal quartz, 35% dark grey to light/tan grey, siliceous, hard, sub-rounded to sub-angular, cm-scale clasts (INTERP: progressively silica-altered mudstone), 9% grey to blue, siliceous material (chert?) interstitial to the cm-scale clasts, and 45% sulphide. Texturally the zone is a chaotic melange of overprinting veining and/or brecciation events. The milk white, hydrothermal quartz occurs as 3 mm to 4 cm wide veins which are observed cutting the grey/blue siliceous chert, cutting light grey to tan grey siliceous clasts, and cutting/embaying/enveloping patches of massive sulphide. The qtz material is host to 5 mm to 1 cm wide patches of web-textured galena, mm-scale brassy yellow pyrite, and < 1 mm wide, black to very dark red sphalerite. Milky white qtz is thus interpreted to be the latest event in the interval. The light grey to tan/grey cm-scale siliceous clasts (silica-altered mudstone) are generally sulphide-free though occasionally cut by mm-scale, discontinuous veinlets of galena +/- pyrite and dusted by v.f.g pyrite. Thus these clasts are interpreted to pre-date brecciation/mineralization in the interval. Between the early siliceous clasts (altered mudstone?) and the late milky white qtz + sulphide event is the main pulse of blue/grey siliceous material and semi-massive sulphide - see mineralisation tab.

<<Min: 50.18 - 51.04: >> This interval gradually increases from ~10% to ~40% sulphide as the texture progressively changes to semi-massive sulphide entraining clasts of tan/grey siliceous material (silica-altered mudstone?). Sphalerite is 16% of the interval occurring as wispy brick-red laminae that form along the margins of siliceous clasts. Sphalerite also occurs as a dark red to black-red, < 1 mm wide, crystalline form within pyrite-dominated semi-massive sulphide patches. Galena is 6% of the interval and variably distributed being 2-4% in most areas and rising to 6-10% in pyrite-dominated semi-massive sulphide patches and where it is entrained as web-textured patches within milky white quartz.

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|----------|--------|-------------------------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|

51.04 52.21 MXSX Massive Sulphide

A massive sulphide zone cored by a 5 cm wide grey siliceous clast. The interval is 92% sulphides, carbonate, and quartz and 8% silica altered mudstone. The mineralogy of this sulphide zone varies across the interval. The dominant sulphide is pyrite which generally occurs as brown, massive anhedral mm to cm scale patches. Interstitial to pyrite is dark red very fine grained sphalerite, mm scale grey quartz, white carbonate and white-brown ankerite. Galena is most concentrated (~10%) from 51.04 m to 51.55m, where it forms in anhedral patches interstitial to pyrite. Pyrrhotite is present throughout generally rimming brassy pyrite as a very fine grained, dark brown, dusting that occasionally concentrates cm-scale in wispy seams.

<<Min: 51.04 - 52.21: >> The mineralogy of this sulphide zone varies across the interval. The dominant sulphide is pyrite which generally occurs as brown, massive anhedral mm to cm scale patches. Interstitial to pyrite is dark red very fine grained sphalerite that occasionally forms <3 mm wide veinlets, mm scale anhedral patches of grey quartz, sub-mm brown ankerite and white carbonate. Galena is most concentrated (~10%) from 51.04 m to 51.55 m, where it forms in anhedral patches interstitial to pyrite. Pyrrhotite is present throughout generally rimming brassy pyrite as a very fine grained, dark brown, dusting that occasionally concentrates in cm-scale wispy seams. XRF again shows antimony response - possible tetrahedrite throughout and may be the very fine grained black mineral seen throughout.

52.21 57.96 SMSX Semi-massive sulphide

This interval of semi-massive sulphides can be divided into 20 cm to 60 cm wide zones of massive sulphide (25%) interbedded with 10 cm to 2.4 m wide zones dominated by grey to tan siliceous clasts and brick red sphalerite (75%). These sphalerite-rich siliceous sub-intervals feature variably orientated and chaotically disrupted, 1 cm to 20 cm wide, grey to tan siliceous clasts/patches (silica altered mudstone). Brick red, very fine grained sphalerite rims these clasts and is also present in the matrix in these areas alongside blue/grey quartz and brassy yellow pyrite. These zones are texturally variable showing a chaotic deformed texture (e.g. 54.26 to 54.55 m) with <10% of the interval showing weakly developed laminae. A soft beige alteration assumed to be sericite is present within these zones presenting as hairline to 2 mm veinlets that intrude along pre-existing composition contrasts (mineralogical boundaries, clasts boundaries) and from 53.30 m to 57.96 m sericite permeates out from these veinlets moderately to strongly altering siliceous patches (INTERP: ability to alter these may be evidence that they are altered mudstone). The massive sulphide zones in this interval are mineralogically distinct and rather than being pyrite dominated comprise: pyrrhotite (15-30%), galena (15-20%), sphalerite (5-10%), pyrite (10-20%), quartz (15-20%). Less than 5% of the interval appears to have a primary fine-grained sandy texture (e.g. 54.55 m to 54.65 m) with beige sericite alteration selectively altering 20% of grains in these patches and texturally destructive silicification throughout. These zones are host to disseminated very fine grained pyrite, pyrrhotite, and galena. Sparse bedding measured from laminae in sphalerite and grey siliceous clasts has an average alpha of 35 and a beta of 330. The lower contact is sharp and marked by the end of siliceous patches and brick red sphalerite.

<<Min: 52.21 - 57.96: >> Within zones dominated by silica altered mudstone, sphalerite is the dominant sulphide occurring as brick red, very fine grained, mm to cm scale patches rimming and occurring interstitial to the silica altered clasts. The massive sulphide zones in this interval are mineralogically distinct and rather than being pyrite dominated comprise: pyrrhotite (15-30%), galena (15-20%), sphalerite (5-10%), pyrite (10-20%), quartz (15-20%). Within these zones galena and quartz is generally interstitial to brassy yellow pyrite and dark red sphalerite, with pyrrhotite occurring in concentrated 1 cm to 3 cm zones as a dark, bronze brown, dusting.

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|----------|--------|-------------------------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|----------|--------|-------------------------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|

<<Alt: 53.3 - 58.11: Moderate Sericite>> Sericite alteration that occurs as a selvage halo to hairline, soft, tan sericite veins. This sericite alteration is selective, generally moderately to strongly altering the siliceous clasts decreasing in intensity away from veinlets.

<<Struc: 56.07 - 56.07: bedding>> brick red sphalerite lamination

<<Struc: 57.12 - 57.12: bedding>>

<<Struc: 57.17 - 57.17: bedding>> silica altered bed in sulphide

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| 52.23 | 53.29 | 1.06 | 3207267 | 0.01 | 122.9 | 198.7 | 132800 | 68800 |
| 53.29 | 54.31 | 1.02 | 3207268 | 0.003 | 28.6 | 155.3 | 28000 | 54000 |
| 54.31 | 55.32 | 1.01 | 3207269 | 0.011 | 109.1 | 191.3 | 114200 | 126900 |
| 55.32 | 56.10 | 0.78 | 3207270 | 0.005 | 42.6 | 90.3 | 47300 | 34600 |
| 56.10 | 57.02 | 0.92 | 3207271 | 0.007 | 135.4 | 217.4 | 158800 | 69400 |
| 57.02 | 58.00 | 0.98 | 3207272 | 0.005 | 97.8 | 250.3 | 100300 | 53200 |

57.96 62.77 MXSX Massive Sulphide

Generally massive sulphide zone with minor (<10%) grey siliceous bands ranging in size from 1 cm to 25 cm. The massive sulphide zones are generally pyrite dominated with pyrite being massive to blocky and subhedral. Though pyrite content is generally 35-55% throughout; galena, pyrrhotite, and sphalerite content vary on a cm scale with 10 to 50 cm intervals enriched in pyrrhotite and galena (up to 15-25% pyrrhotite and 10-15% galena). Following a grey siliceous zone at 60.38 m, pyrrhotite content sharply decreases to <5% (a low magnetic response in both the mag sus and swing magnet) though galena content continues to be ~10%. This same pyrrhotite-poor/pyrite-rich zone is weakly laminated, with laminae generally defined by <2mm wide, brick red sphalerite and siliceous grey beds. These laminae/beds define a bedding of generally 40 to 50 degrees TCA, however, their discontinuous, disrupted nature makes it difficult to take measurements.

<<Min: 57.96 - 62.8: >> Sulphide mineralogy and texture varies on a cm-scale across this interval but generally oscillates between two end members. The first is pyrite dominated (40-65% pyrite) with low 5-10% very fine grained, bronze brown pyrrhotite, 5-10% interstitial galena, and weakly laminated to interstitial red to dark red sphalerite (8-12%). Within these pyrite rich zones both sphalerite and galena often form 1 mm to 1 cm wide laminations. The second is pyrrhotite rich (20-25% pyrrhotite), with interstitial galena (5-15%), very fine grained red sphalerite (8-12%) and pyrite (20-40%). Both of these end members contain ~10% grey quartz.

<<Struc: 61 - 61: bedding>>

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| 58.00 | 58.96 | 0.96 | 3207273 | 0.011 | 114.2 | 294.4 | 123500 | 18100 |
| 58.96 | 60.12 | 1.16 | 3207274 | 0.009 | 159.3 | 379.8 | 195900 | 42900 |
| 60.12 | 61.05 | 0.93 | 3207275 | 0.01 | 115 | 161.3 | 160600 | 78600 |
| 61.05 | 61.83 | 0.78 | 3207276 | 0.009 | 137.1 | 256.7 | 177300 | 34200 |
| 61.83 | 62.77 | 0.94 | 3207277 | 0.01 | 97.3 | 273.3 | 129100 | 11200 |

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| From (m) | To (m) | Rock Type & Description | From (m) | To (m) | Length | Sample # | Au Best ppm | Ag Best ppm | Cu Best ppm | Pb Best ppm | Zn Best ppm |
|----------|--------|---|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 62.77 | 63.86 | SMSX Semi-massive sulphide Zone of semi-massive sulphide comprising 35% sulphide and 65% light to dark grey siliceous material (silica altered mudstone). The siliceous areas are 1-10 cm wide and are cross cut by veinlets and patches of sulphide. The colour of these siliceous patches changes towards the base of the interval from light white grey to dark grey approaching black at the lower contact. This colour change is coincident with a decrease in hardness suggesting a gradual decrease in intensity of silica alteration. Sulphide in this interval appear as both 1 mm to 5 mm veinlets that cut siliceous patches in random orientations concentrating in 1-5 cm wide zones, where they are the dominant material. <<Min: 62.8 - 63.86: >> Sulphide mineralogy within this zone is dominantly pyrite with minor galena. Pyrite occurs as 1 mm to 5 mm wide, randomly orientated stringers that cut the siliceous mudstone and as 1 cm to 10 cm wide zones where pyrite is ~60% of the interval. Within these pyrite rich zones galena is present as anhedral, interstitial to pyrite, and 1 cm by 4 cm wide patches. | 62.77 | 63.86 | 1.09 | 3207279 | 0.009 | 45.5 | 460.7 | 58600 | 5100 |
| 63.86 | 64.74 | CATA Cataclasite This zone forms a lithologically variable cataclasite. From 63.86 m to 64.52 m, the unit is 45% brown to grey sandy silty clasts and 65% silty mud matrix. The sandy silt clasts vary in size from 1 mm to 4 cm, are sub-rounded-sub-angular, and rotated at various orientations to one another. This zone has a foliation (tectonic?) that presents as recessive hairline, throughgoing lineations orientated at 25 to 35 degrees TCA. Several larger clasts pinch out at their ends sub-parallel to this lineation. Clasts <1 cm in size are selectively replaced by galena (1% of overall content) and dusted by trace, very fine grained, red sphalerite. From 64.52 m to 64.87 m, the interval is chaotic with mm to cm-scale angular mudstone clasts entrained within white qtz, 5% overprinting brassy yellow pyrite. This chaotic interval is itself faulted with limonite developing along fracture surfaces. <<Min: 63.86 - 64.52: >> Selective galena, sphalerite, and pyrite mineralisation in this interval overprints sandy silt clasts. <<Struc: 63.87 - 63.87: fault>> <<Struc: 64.3 - 64.3: fault>> | 63.86 | 64.74 | 0.88 | 3207280 | 0.014 | 33.9 | 324.2 | 42600 | 6000 |
| 64.74 | 65.50 | CONG Conglomerate The unit is a granule to pebble size, polymictic, clast supported conglomerate. Clasts are sub-angular to sub-rounded, 10% black mudstone, 10% white quartz, and 80% grey chert/quartz. This unit is heavily broken and its lower contact is coincident with a 2 cm wide qtz vein and minor fault gouge. | 64.74 | 65.50 | 0.76 | 3207281 | 0.005 | 4.5 | 174.5 | 3100 | 500 |

Hole: EZ18-002

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|---|--------|-------------------------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 65.50 | 90.20 | MDST Mudstone | 65.50 | 67.00 | 1.50 | 3207282 | 0.009 | 0.25 | 74.1 | 200 | 200 |
| Well-laminated 1 mm to 1 cm wide sandy silt interbedded/laminated with black silty mudstone. sandy silt laminae are on average 1 mm to 3 mm wide and silty mudstone laminae are 3 mm to 1 cm wide. Laminae are rythmic, forming the "pinstripe" texture. However, faulting in the interval often displaces and deforms beds/laminae. Very minor (1-3%) 1 mm to 3 mm wide, subhedral to euhedral brassy yellow pyrite is present throughout the interval. From the upper contact to ~68.20 m the unit is heavily stressed with fractures orientated 25 to 35 degrees TCA (i.e. parallel to previous fractures in the cataclasite). Bedding in the unit is consistent from 31 to 40 degrees TCA and beta from 350 to 10. Weathering products are common within heavily faulted zones - of particular note is a fault zone at 75.04 to 77.43m that has frequent tension gash qtz-veins and dark green fine, glossy material (chlorite?) that has weathered to a chalky light green. From 86.5 to the EOH the unit is heavily faulted with rock comprising pure grey gouge. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 65.68 - 65.68: fault>> | | | 67.00 | 68.50 | 1.50 | 3207283 | 0.009 | 0.7 | 80.8 | 200 | 50 |
| <<Struc: 66.36 - 66.36: bedding>> | | | 68.50 | 69.65 | 1.15 | 3207284 | 0.007 | 0.7 | 72 | 100 | 50 |
| <<Struc: 68.07 - 68.07: bedding>> | | | 69.65 | 71.10 | 1.45 | 3207285 | 0.014 | 1.7 | 78.9 | 300 | 1700 |
| <<Struc: 69.08 - 69.08: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 69.56 - 69.56: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 73.15 - 73.15: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 74.5 - 74.5: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 78.17 - 78.17: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 80.46 - 80.46: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 80.7 - 80.7: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 81.4 - 81.4: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 82.22 - 82.22: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 83 - 83: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <<Struc: 83.52 - 83.52: bedding>> | | | | | | | | | | | |

End of Hole @ 90.2